Section 1: Identification

**Product Identifier**

Antifreeze

**Product Name**

Trade Name: OnLine RV & Marine AntiFreeze

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Consumer end use

**Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Manufacturer**

OnLine Packaging, Inc.

4311 Liberty Lane

Plover, WI 54467

Phone: (715)344-4861

**Emergency telephone number**

 (715)344-4861

Call doctor/hospital emergency room or the Local Poison Control Center. Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or when going for treatment.

Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

**OSHA/HCS status**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

Flammable Liquid, Category 4

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3

**GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms**

**Signal word-Warning**

Ethanol

**Hazard statements**

Combustible Liquid

May cause damage to liver, kidneys and nervous system by repeated or prolonged inhalation or skin contact. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements**

**Prevention**

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Do not breathe mist.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before use

Store away from heat and ignition sources

Keep away from oxidizing materials and strong acids

**Response**

IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Cold water may be used.

IF IN EYES: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

IF EXPOSED or CONCERNED:

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor/physician.

**Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Disposal**

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified**

Product is stable.

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance/mixture: Mixture

Chemical name: Ethanol

Other means of identification: No

CAS number/other identifiers

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Ingredient name | % | CAS number |
|  |  |  |
| Ethanol | 13-15 | 64-17-5 |

Section 4: First Aid Measurements

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Cold water may be used. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: Bring accident victims out into the fresh air. Call a physician immediately in severe cases or if recovery is not rapid.

Skin contact: After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact**

Can cause irritation to eyes and mucous membranes.

**Inhalation**

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Sore throat, shortness of breath, coughing and congestion.

**Skin contact**

Irritation, itching, dermatitis.

**Ingestion**

Irritation to mucous membranes.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary**

**Notes to physician**

Exposure may aggravate acute or chronic asthma, emphysema and bronchitis.

**Specific treatments**

N/A

**Protection of first-aiders**

N/A

**See toxicological information (Section 11)**

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

**Extinguishing media**

**Suitable extinguishing media**

SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder, CO2 or appropriate foam.

LARGE FIRE: Use water spray, fog or foam. Do not use water jet.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

None known

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**

Vapors may travel back to ignition source. Closed containers exposed to heat may explode.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products/Products of combustion**

Products of combustion are carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

**Special protective actions for fire fighters**

Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters**

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel**

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

**Environmental precautions**

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

Exposure to the spilled material may be severely irritating or toxic. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section 8 of this SDS. Personal protective equipment needs must be evaluated based on information provided on this sheet and the special circumstances created by the spill including: the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred, and the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Never exceed any occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section 8 at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent

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material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal evaluation. Shut off ignition sources; including electrical equipment and flames. Do not allow smoking in the area.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures, advice on general occupational hygiene and conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces.

– No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Ground or bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting, etc. equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. No not breathe dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye and face protection. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from oxidizing materials and strong acids.

Store in a well-ventilated area. Keep cool. Keep in an area suitable for flammable liquids.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Ingredient name** |  | **Exposure limits** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethanol | ACGIH |  | OSHA |  |
|  | (TWA) | (STEL) | (TWA) | (STEL) |
|  | 1000 ppm; 1880 mg/m3 | 1000 ppm | 1000 ppm; 1900 mg/m3 | 1000 ppm; 1900 mg/m3 |

**Appropriate engineering controls and Environmental exposure controls**

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures**

No special protective clothing is normally required. Select protective clothing depending on industrial operations. Use mechanical ventilation equipment that is explosion-proof.

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical safety goggles.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection and Body protection:** Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, labcoat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

**Other skin protection**

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating or drinking.

**Respiratory protection:** No respiratory protection required under normal circumstances. Approved organic vaporchemical cartridge or supplied air respirators should be worn when significant vapors are generated. Observe respirator assigned protection factors (APFs) criteria cited in federal OSHA 1910.134. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used for firefighting.

**Respirator Type(s) (NIOSH Approved):** If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, ahalf face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filter) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency, or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (e.g. lubricants, cutting fluids, Glycerin, etc.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full face piece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in Oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

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Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance**

**Physical state:** Pink liquid

**Odor:** Alcohol

**Odor threshold:** No Data Available **pH:** 8.2

**Specific Gravity:** .991

**Melting point:** -13oC

**Boiling point**: No Data Available

**Flash point:** 51oC

**Evaporation rate** (BuAc=1): No Data Available

**Flammability (solid, gas):** Yes

**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits:** LEL 3.3%, UEL 19% (Ethanol)

**Vapor pressure:** No Data Available

**Vapor density (Air=1):** No Data Available

**Solubility:** Soluble in water

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not Established

**Auto-ignition temperature:** Not Applicable

**Decomposition temperature:** Not Established

**Viscosity:** No Data Available

**VOC%:** 15

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

Temperatures above the flash point and avoid excessive heat, open flame or other sources of ignition.

**Incompatible materials**

Can react with strong oxidizing agents, peroxides, alkaline products and strong acids. Contact with nitric and sulfuric acids will form nitrocresols that can decompose violently.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

Ignition and burning can release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

Section 11: Toxicological Information

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** |
|  |  |  |
| Ethanol | Acute toxicity, oral (male rat) | LD50 = 7,000 mg/kg |
|  | Acute toxicity, dermal | LD50 = 20,000 mg/kg |
|  | Acute toxicity, inhalation (rat) | LC50 = 8,000 mg/L 4.00 Hours |

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**Summary Comments:**

**Sensitization**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** | **Basis** |
|  |  |  |
| Ethanol |  | No evidence of sensitization effect |
| **Summary Comments:** |  |  |  |
| **Carcinogenicity** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** | **Basis** |
|  |  |  |
| Ethanol |  | No known carcinogenic effects |
| **Summary Comments:** |  |  |  |
| **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** | **Basis** |
|  |  |  |
| Ethanol | No information available |  |
| **Summary Comments:** |  |  |  |
| **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)** |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** | **Basis** |
|  |  |  |  |
| Ethanol |  | No information available |  |
| **Summary Comments:**. |  |  |  |
| **Aspiration hazard** |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| **Product/ingredient name** | **Test** | **Results** | **Basis** |
|  |  |  |  |
| Ethanol |  | No information available |  |

**Summary Comments:**

**Information on the likely routes of exposure**

Inhalation may blur vision. Ingesting may irritate the gastrointestinal tract.

**Potential acute health effects**

**Eye contact:** Irritating to the eyes.

**Inhalation:** Acute exposure of humans to ethanol by inhalation or ingestion may result in visual disturbances, such asblurred or dimness of vision, leading to blindness. Neurological damage, specifically permanent motor dysfunction, may also result.

**Skin contact:** Contact of skin with ethanol can produce mild dermatitis in humans.

**Ingestion:** Tests involving acute exposure of rats, mice, and rabbits have demonstrated ethanol to have low acutetoxicity from oral exposure. May cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness and depression of CNS.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Eye contact:** Eye irritation.

**Inhalation:** Blurred vision.

**Skin contact:** Skin irritation.

**Ingestion:** May irritate the gastrointestinal tract, cause nausea, and vomiting.

**Potential chronic health effects (Ethanol)**

**Carcinogenicity:** Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen.

**Mutagenicity:** DNA Inhibition: Human, Lymphocyte = 220 mmol/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human,Lymphocyte = 1160 gm/L.; Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Fibroblast = 12000 ppm. Cytogenetic Analysis: Human, Leukocyte = 1 pph/72H.

**Teratogenicity:** Oral, Human - woman: TDLo = 41 gm/kg (female 41 week(s) after conception) Effects onNewborn -Apgar score (human only) and Effects on Newborn - other neonatal measures or effects and Effects on Newborn – drug dependence.

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**Developmental effects:** Ethanol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus oflaboratory animals. Prenatal exposure to ethanol is associated with a distinct pattern of congenital malformations that have collectively been termed the "fetal alcohol syndrome".

**Fertility effects:** No data available.

**Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Section 12: Ecological Information

**Toxicity**

**Acute Fish toxicity: (Ethanol)**

LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) – 13,000 mg/L - 96 h

LC50 – Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) – 42,000 mg/L - 96 h

**Acute toxicity for daphnia: (Ethanol)**

EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) – 9,300 mg/L - 48 h

**Acute toxicity for algae: (Ethanol)**

EC50 - Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) - 10,000 mg/L - 96 h

**Acute bacterial toxicity: (Ethanol)**

No data available.

**Ecotoxicology Assessment: (Ethanol)**

Material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

**Persistence and degradability**

**Biodegradability: (Ethanol)**

When released into the soil, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into water, this material is expected to readily biodegrade. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily degraded by reaction with photochemically produced hydroxyl radicals.

**Stability in water: (Ethanol)**

When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater.

**Photodegradation: (Ethanol)**

No data available

**Volatility (Henry's Law constant): (Ethanol)**

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow) = -0.31

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Bioaccumulation: (Ethanol)**

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5

**Mobility in soil: (Ethanol)**

**Distribution among environmental compartments:**

When released into the soil, this material is expected to quickly evaporate. When released into the soil, this material is expected to leach into groundwater.

**Other adverse effects:**

When released into the water, this material is expected to have a half-life between 1 and 10 days. When released into the air, this material is expected to exist in the aerosol phase with a short half-life. When released into air, this material is expected to have a half-life between 10 and 30 days. When released into the air, this material is expected to be readily removed from the atmosphere by wet deposition.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

**Disposal methods**

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Dispose in accordance with applicable international, national and local laws, ordinances and statutes.

Section 14: Transport Information

**UN Number:** N/A

**DOT Proper Shipping Name:** Limited Quantity, Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

**Exemptions**: Per 49 CFR 173.150 (pg III, inner package not over 5.0 L)

**Transport hazard Class(es):** N/A

**Packing Group:** N/A

**Land Transport ADR/RID and GGVS/GGVE (Cross Border / Domestic)**

**Transport Hazard Class(es):** N/A

**Maritime Transport IMDG/GGVSea**

**Transport Hazard Class(es):** N/A

**Marine Pollutant:** No

**Air Transport ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR**

**Transport Hazard Class(es):** N/A

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Chemical Inventory Status-Part 1

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Ingredient (CAS#) |  |  | TSCA |  | EC |  | Japan |  | Australia |
| Ethanol (64-17-5) |  |  | Yes |  | Yes |  | Yes |  | Yes |
| Chemical Inventory Status-Part 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingredient (CAS#) |  |  | Korea |  | Canada |  | Canada |  | Philippines |
|  |  |  |  |  | DSL |  | NDSL |  |  |
| Ethanol (64-17-5) |  |  | Yes |  | Yes |  | No |  | Yes |
| Federal, State & International Regulations-Part 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | SARA 302 |  |  |  | SARA 313 |
| Ingredient (CAS#) |  |  | RQ |  | TPQ |  | List Chemical |  | Category |
| Ethanol (64-17-5) |  |  | No |  | No |  | No |  | No |
| Federal, State & International Regulations-Part 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | RCRA |  |  |  |  | TSCA |
| Ingredient (CAS#) |  |  | CERCLA |  | 261.33 |  |  | 8(d) |
| Ethanol (64-17-5) |  |  | No |  |  | No |  |  | No |

Chemical Weapons Convention: No

TSCA 12b: No

CDTA: No

**SARA 311/312:**

Acute: Yes, Chronic: Yes, Fire: Yes, Pressure: No, Reactivity: No

Mixture/Liquid

Australian Hazchem Code: 2[S]E

Poison Schedule: No information found

Section 16: Other Information

**History**

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**Date of issue: 5-26-2015**

**Version: 1a**

**Revised Sections(s): New**

**Prepared by:** **OnLine Packaging, Inc.**

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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